

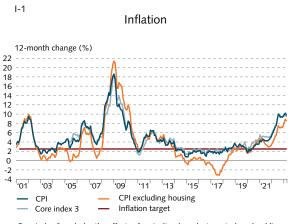


ECONOMIC INDICATORS

Contents

Ι	Inflation and inflation expectations	3
Π	Output and demand	6
III	Foreign trade and external economic conditions	10
IV	Labour market and wages	14
V	Public finances	17
VI	Asset markets	20
VII	Households and businesses	22
VIII	Financial markets	26
IX	The financial system	33

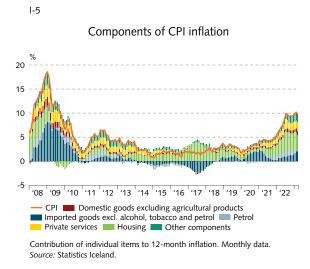
I Inflation and inflation expectations

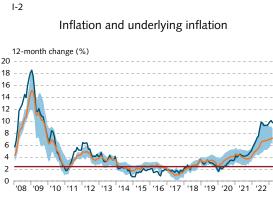


Core index 3 excludes the effects of agricultural products, petrol, and public services, as well as real mortgage interest expense. Monthly data. *Sources:* Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.



Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland

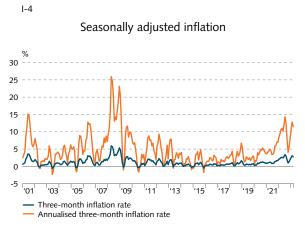




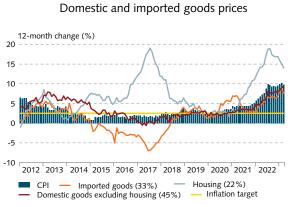
CPI — Average of measures for underlying inflation Inflation target High-low range

Underlying inflation is measured using core inflation (inflation excluding the effects of indirect taxes, certain groceries, petrol, public services, and the effect of changes in real interest rates on the housing component of the CPI) and various statistical measures (weighted median, trimmed mean, a dynamic factor model, and the common component of the CPI).

Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

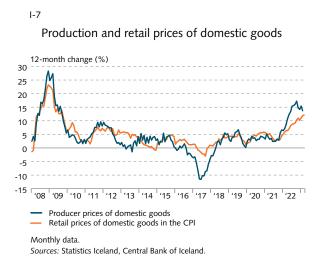


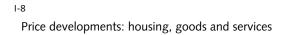
This inflation measurement is very volatile but indicates how inflation pressures are developing. Monthly data. *Sources:* Statistics Iceland. Central Bank of Iceland.

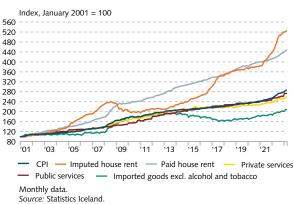


Prices of imported goods are estimated using the prices of imported food and beverages, new motor vehicles and spare parts, petrol, and other imported goods. Prices of domestic goods are estimated using the prices of domestic goods and private and public services. The figures in parentheses show the current weight of these items in the CPI. Monthly data. *Sources:* Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

1-6



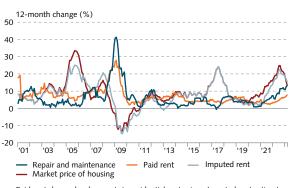




Price developments: housing

1-9

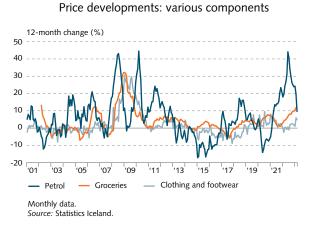
I-11



Paid rent shows developments in residential rent prices. Imputed rent estimates the cost of living in owner-occupied housing and changes with housing market values and real mortgage interest rates. Monthly data. Source: Statistics Iceland

Price developments: wages and services

12-month change (%) 14 12 10 8 6 4 2 0 -2 '01 '15 '21 '03 '05 '07 '09 '11 '13 [']17 '19 Public services Wage index Private services Monthly data



I-12

I-10

Distribution of price increases in the CPI

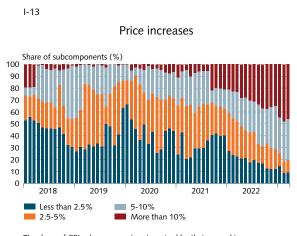


Share of categories showing increase by more than 2.5% on an annual basis (left) CPI (right)

The share of goods categories that rise in price is a 3-month centred average. Broken lines show averages for the period. Monthly data. Source: Statistics Iceland.

Source: Statistics Iceland

Inflation and inflation expectations L



The share of CPI subcomponents categorised by their annual increase. Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

I-15

Inflation expectations of businesses, households, and market agents one year ahead and current inflation



Household inflation expectations Inflation

Businesses' inflation expectations Market agents' expectations

Inflation expectations according to surveys carried out by Gallup and the Central Bank. Respondents are asked about inflation 12 months ahead and median figures are used. Businesses' inflation expectations were measured on an irregular basis before Q3/2006 so until then measurements are interpolated. Quarterly data

Sources: Gallup, Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

I-17

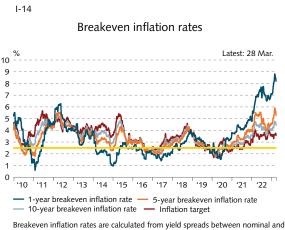
Import price levels and exchange rate developments



- Trading partners' implicit export price deflator in foreign currency Trading partners' implicit export price deflator in domestic currency

Import-weighted exchange rate index and price of imported goods excluding alcohol and tobacco in the CPI. Trading partners' implicit export price deflator is weighted using the import weights from the narrow trade-weighted basket and its latest value is based on the Bank's most recent baseline forecast. Quarterly data.

Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland



index-linked Government and Government-guaranteed bonds (5-day moving averages). Daily data. Source: Central Bank of Iceland



Inflation expectations according to surveys carried out by Gallup and the Central Bank. Respondents are asked about average inflation 5/10 years ahead and median figures are used. Quarterly data. Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

Year-on-year change (%) Year-on-year change (%) 18 -60 16 -50 14 -40 12 -30 10 -20 8 -10 6 0 4 10 20 2 0 30 '08 '09 '10 '11 '12 '13 '14 '15 '16 '17 '18 '19 '20 '21 '22 Inflation (left) Exchange rate of the króna (inverted right axis)

Based on the narrow trade-weighted exchange rate of the króna. Quarterly data Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland,

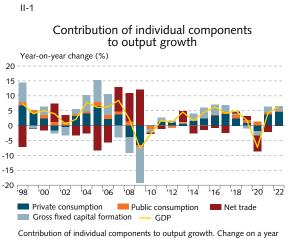
5

I-18

Inflation and exchange rate of the króna



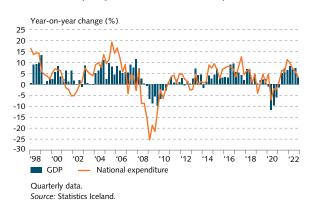
II Output and demand



controlation of manufactual components to output growth. Change of a year earlier. Annual data. Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

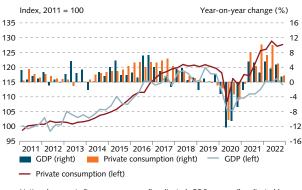
II-3

Output growth and national expenditure



II-2

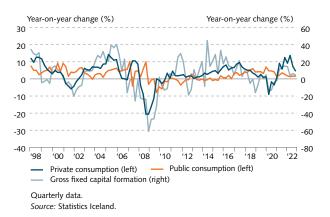
GDP and private consumption per capita

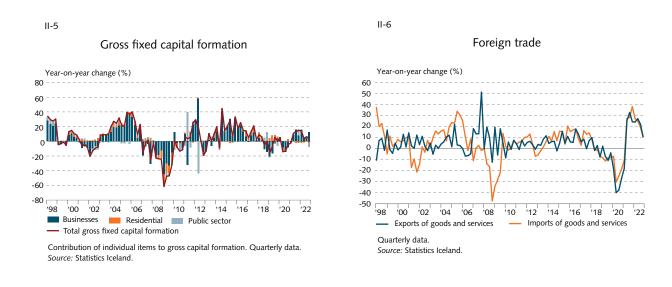


National accounts figures are seasonally adjusted. GDP seasonally adjusted by the Central Bank. Quarterly data. Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

11-4

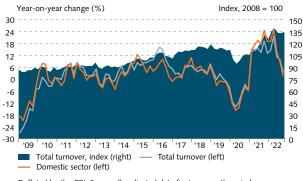
Private consumption, public consumption and gross fixed capital formation





II-7

Turnover according to VAT returns



Deflated by the CPI. Seasonally adjusted data for two-month periods. *Sources:* Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

II-9

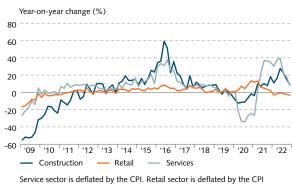
Payment card turnover



Debit and credit cards issued in Iceland. Card turnover deflated with the CPI excluding housing. Turnover abroad is deflated with the exchange rate index. Monthly data.

Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

Turnover according to VAT returns

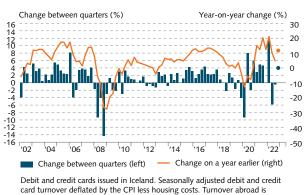


excluding housing and petrol, and construction sector is deflated by the CPI. Seasonally adjusted data for two-month periods. Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

II-10

II-8

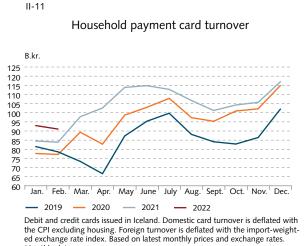
Total household payment card turnover



card turnover deflated by the CPI less housing costs. Turnover abroad is deflated by the exchange rate index. Points show 2-month average of values in January and February. Quarterly data.

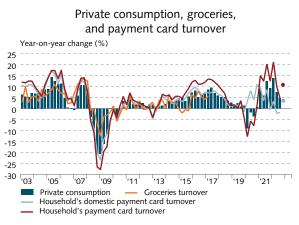
Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

II Output and demand

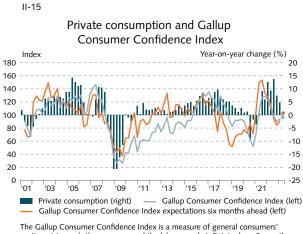


Monthly data. Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

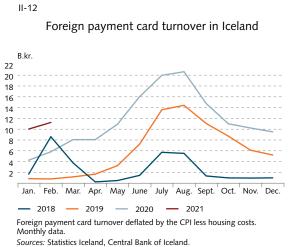




Points show 2-month average values in January and February. Quarterly data. *Sources:* Icelandic Centre for Retail Studies, Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.



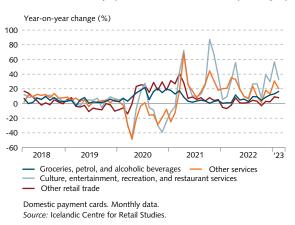
The Gallup Consumer Confidence Index is a measure of general consumers' sentiment towards the economy and the labour market. Points show 2-month average of values in January and February. Quarterly data. *Sources*: Gallup, Statistics Iceland.



Sources. Statistics iceland, Central Bank of Iceland

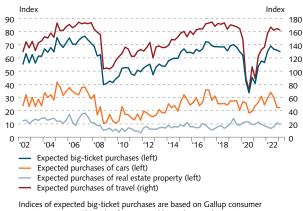


Domestic retail payment intermediation, by category



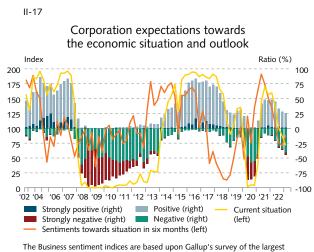
II-16

Indices of expected big-ticket purchases

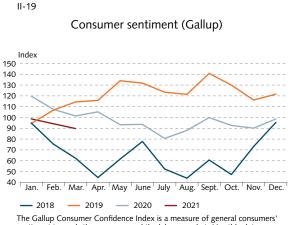


sentiment survey. The index for expected big-ticket purchases is an average of the other three indices. Quarterly data.

II Output and demand

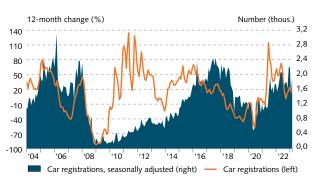


companies in Iceland, conducted 4 times a year. The columns show the sentiments towards the current situation of the economy. Source: Gallup.



The Gallup Consumer Confidence Index is a measure of general consumers' sentiment towards the economy and the labour market. Monthly data. *Source:* Gallup.

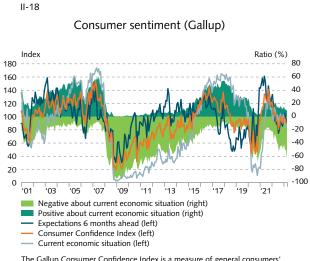
II-21



New registration of motor vehicles

New motor vehicle registrations include new and used vehicles in all categories (passenger cars, motor coaches and delivery and transport vehicles). 3-month average. Monthly data.

Sources: The Icelandic Transport Authority, Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

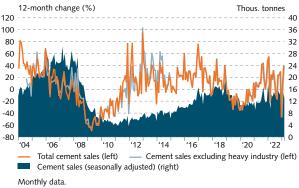


The Gallup Consumer Confidence Index is a measure of general consumers' sentiment towards the economy and the labour market. Monthly data. *Source*: Gallup.

II-20

II-22

Cement sales



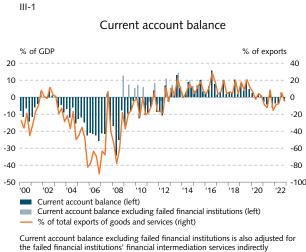
Sources: Aalborg Portland hf., Sementsverksmiðjan hf., Central Bank of Iceland.

Rental cars

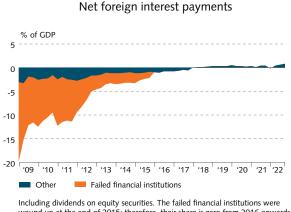
Number Number 32,000 800 28,000 700 24,000 600 20,000 500 16,000 400 12,000 300 8.000 200 100 4.000 0 0 '14 '15 '16 '17 ່ '18 ່ '19 '20 '21 '22 [;]10 '11 '12 '13 Registered rental cars (left) — Applications for new registrations (right) Seasonally adjusted figures. Applications for new registrations are a three-month moving average

Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

9



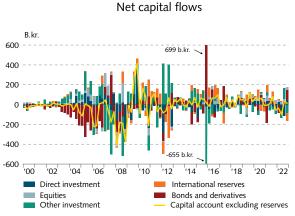
measured (FISIM). From 2016 there is no difference between these figures and official figures for current account balance. Quarterly data. Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.



Including dividends on equity securities. The failed financial institutions were wound up at the end of 2015; therefore, their share is zero from 2016 onwards. Quarterly data. Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland

III-3

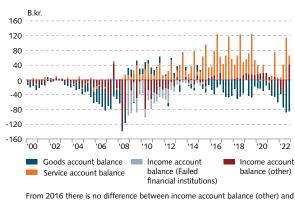
III-5



Capital account balance (net capital outflows) and net capital flows to foreign direct investment, portfolio investment (bonds, derivatives, and equities), and other investment. Positive (negative) numbers represent an increase (decrease) in resident entities' foreign assets or a decrease (increase) in their foreign debt. Large movements in Q4/2015 reflect the settlement of the failed banks' estates Quarterly data

Source: Central Bank of Iceland.



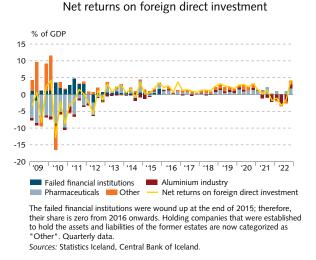


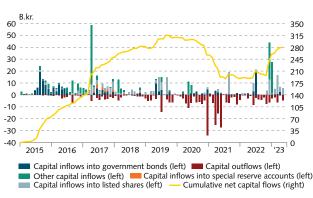
income account balance total, because the share of failed financial institutions was wound up year-end 2015. Net current transfers are included in primary income. Quarterly data Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.



111-4

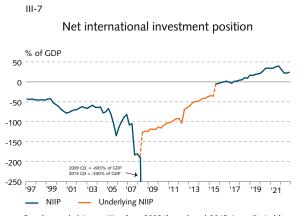
III-6





Other inflows in March 2017 derived almost entirely from non-residents' acquisition of a holding in a domestic commercial bank. Monthly data Source: Central Bank of Iceland.

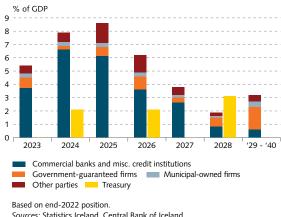
Capital flows due to registered new investment



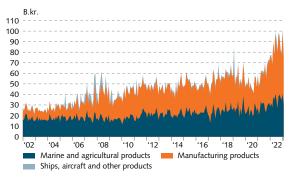
Based on underlying position from 2008 through end-2015; i.e., adjusted for the effects of settling the failed banks' estates and assuming equal distribution of assets to general creditors. At the end of 2015, the estates of the failed financial institutions reached composition agreements entailing the write-off of a large portion of their debt. As a result, there was no difference between the NIIP and the underting NIIB. Outstedy debt the underlying NIIP. Quarterly data. Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

111-8

Repayment profile of long-term foreign debt



III-9 Components of merchandise exports

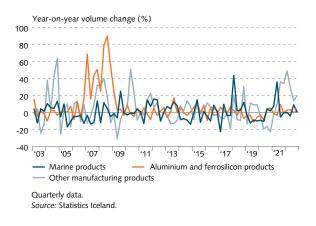


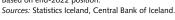
Merchandise export values at constant exchange rates based on monthly average exportweighted exchange rate index (broad trade basket). Monthly data.

Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland

III-11

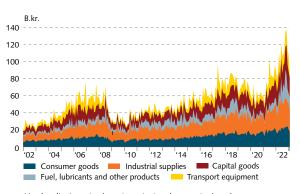
Main export products





III-10

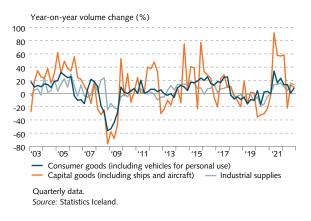
Components of merchandise imports

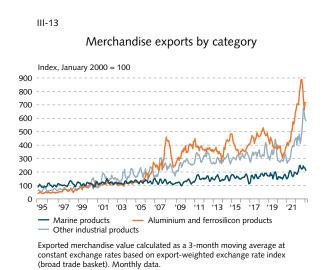


Merchandise import values at constant exchange rates based on import-weighted exchange rate index (broad trade basket). Monthly data. Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland,

III-12

Main import products







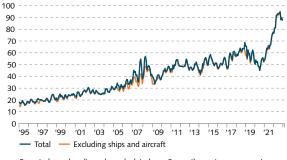
III-14

Non-durable consumer goods are disposable items such as tobacco and pharmaceuticals. Semi-durables are products that are neither disposable nor durable, such as clothing. Consumer durables are products with a long life-time, such as household appliances. Quarterly data. *Source*: Statistics lceland.



III-15

Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland,

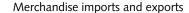


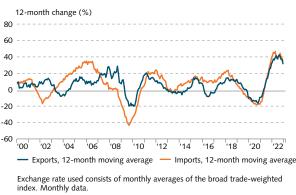
Exported merchandise value calculated as a 3-month moving average at constant exchange rates based on export-weighted exchange rate index (broad trade basket). Monthly data. *Sources*: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.



Imported merchandise value calculated as a 3-month moving average at constant exchange rates based on export-weighted exchange rate index (broad trade basket). The index of foreign price levels is calculated by weighting together the consumer price indices in main trading partner countries using a currency basket. Monthly data. Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

III-17



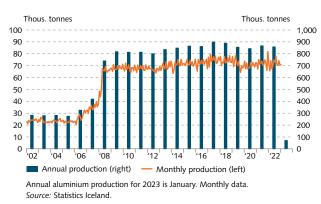


Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

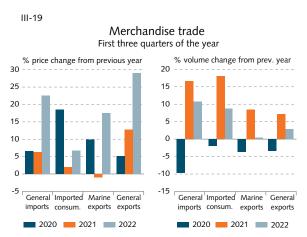
III-18

III-16

Aluminium production



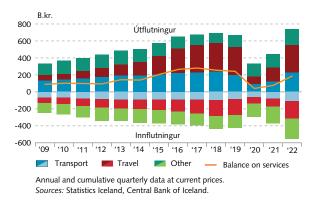
Seasonally adjusted merchandise imports



General imports are total imports excluding ships, aircraft, and sundry items (residual). General exports are total exports excluding ships, aircraft, and sundry items (residual). Quarterly data. Source: Statistics Iceland.



Services imports and exports



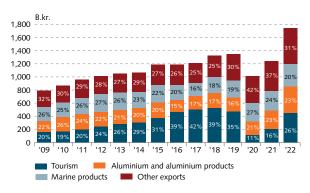
III-20 Catch volume and export value of marine products January-November January-October



Cumulative catch volume from beginning of year. Cumulative value of marine exports from beginning of year; nominal fob value. Monthly data. *Sources*: Directorate of Fisheries, Statistics Iceland.

III-22

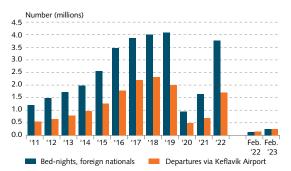
Goods and services exports



Revenues from tourists in Iceland and abroad is the sum of "Travel" and Item 1.2.1, "Passenger transport by air". Annual and cumulative quarterly data. *Sources:* Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

111-23



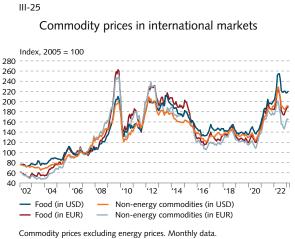


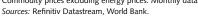
Cumulative monthly figures for departures are for January-November but figures for bed-nights are for January-October. Annual and cumulative monthly figures. *Sources:* Icelandic Tourist Board, Isavia, Statistics Iceland.

111-24 Global crude oil and gasoline prices USD per barrel USD per tonne 1,400 140 1,300 1,200 1,100 130 120 110 1,000 900 800 700 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 600 500 400 300 200 100 20 ¹'13 '21 '23 '03 [']05 [']07 [']09 [']11 '15['] '17 '19 Latest: 28 Mar. Crude oil (Brent) (right) — Gasoline regular (left)

Monthly averages and forward prices 12 months ahead. Source: Refinitiv.

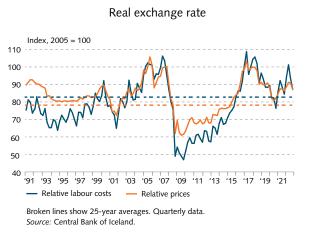
13

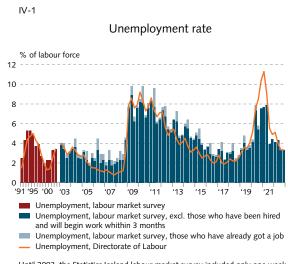




III-27

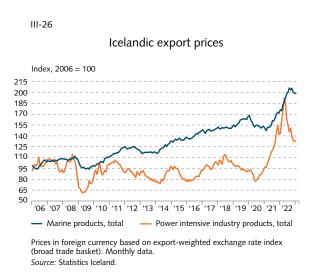
IV





Labour market and wages

Until 2003, the Statistics Iceland labour market survey included only one week in April and one week in November; however, since Jan. 2003, it has been continuous and the results published quarterly. As a result, figures from Jan. 2003 and thereafter are not entirely comparable with earlier figures. Unemployment from the Directorate of Labour excludes persons on the partial unemployment programme from the beginning of year-2020. Quarterly data. *Sources*: Directorate of Labour, Statistics Iceland.



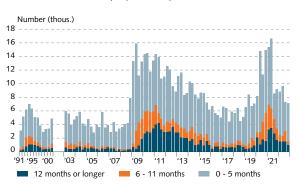
III-28





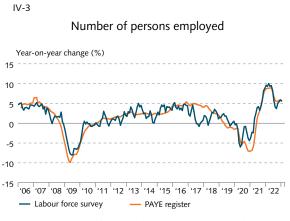
IV-2

Unemployment by duration



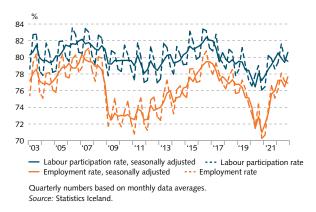
Until 2003, the Statistics Iceland labour market survey included only one week in April and one week in November; however, since January 2003, it has been continuous and the results published quarterly. As a result, figures from January 2003 and thereafter are not entirely comparable with earlier figures. Quarterly data.

Source: Statistics Iceland.



Persons 16-74 years old. Tree-month moving average. Monthly data. Source: Statistics Iceland.

IV-4 Labour participation rate and employment rate

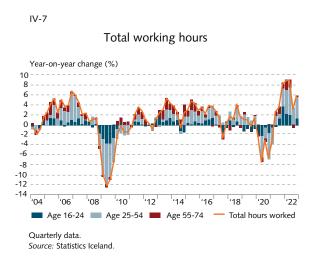


IV-5

Employment and hours worked for employed persons

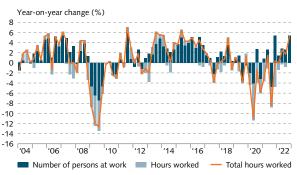


Employed persons are those who worked at least one hour during the reference week or were absent from work that they were hired to carry out. Quarterly numbers based on monthly data averages. *Source*: Statistics lealand.



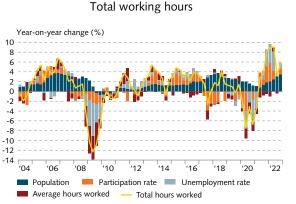
IV-6

Employment and hours worked for persons at work



Persons at work are those who worked one hour or more during the reference week. There is a break in the series "hours worked" in Q1/2021. Quarterly data. *Source:* Statistics Iceland.

IV-8



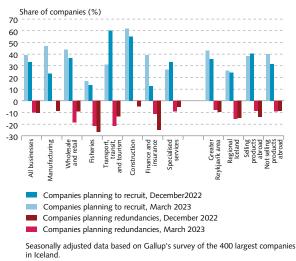
Increase in unemployment shows as a negative contribution to an increase in total working hours. Quarterly numbers based on monthly data averages. *Sources:* Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

15



IV-11

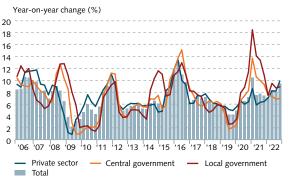
Companies planning to change staffing levels during the next 6 months



Sources: Gallup, Central Bank of Iceland.

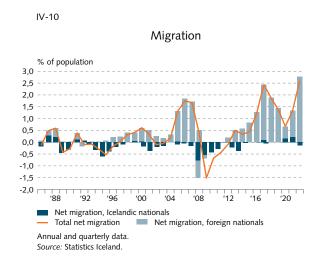


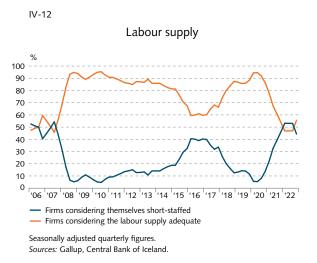
Wage changes by sector



Until 2016 the quarterly wage index for the private sector is based on NACE Rev. 1.1. From 2016 and onwards the quarterly wage index for the private sector is based on NACE Rev. 2.0. Also, additional economic activities have been added. Quarterly data.

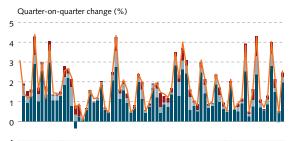
Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.







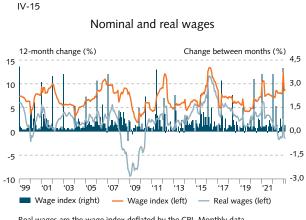
Sectoral contribution to wage growth



Until 2016 the quarterly wage index for the private sector is based on NACE Rev. 1.1. From 2016 and onwards the quarterly wage index for the private sector is based on NACE Rev. 2.0. Also, additional economic activities have been added. The figures in parentheses show the weight of these items in the wage index. Quarterly data.

Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

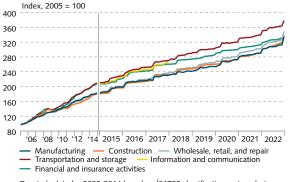
IV Labour market and wages



Real wages are the wage index deflated by the CPI. Monthly data. *Source:* Statistics Iceland.

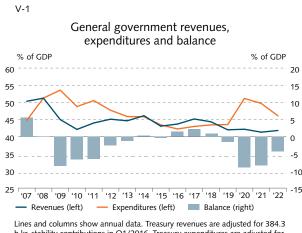
IV-17

Private sector wage index by selected sectors

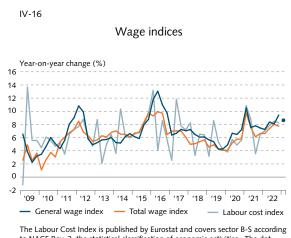


Quarterly data for 2005-2014 based on ISAT95 classification system, but monthly data from beginning of 2015 onwards based on ISAT2008 classification system. Due to changes in classification and sampling the data are not fully comparable between these periods. *Source*: Statistics lceland.

V Public finances



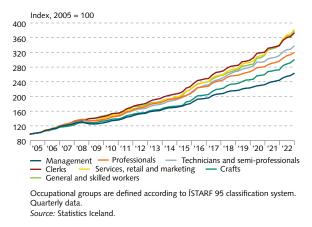
b.kr. stability contributions in Q1/2016. Treasury revends are capited to 5015 b.kr. stability contributions in Q1/2016. Treasury expenditures are adjusted for 105.1 b.kr. special payment to LSR A-division in Q4/2016. Annual data. *Source:* Statistics Iceland.



to NACE Rev. 2, the statistical classification of economic activities . The dot shows figures based on January-February averages. Quarterly data. *Sources*: Eurostat, Statistics Iceland.

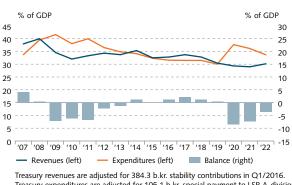
IV-18

Private sector wage index by occupational group



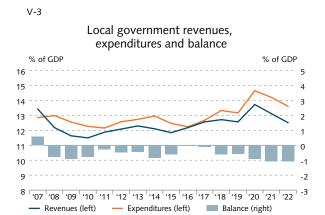
V-2

Treasury revenues, expenditures and balance

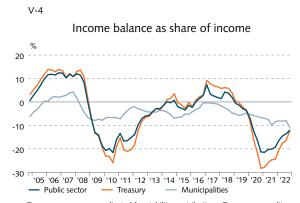


Treasury expenditures are adjusted for 105.1 b.kr. special payment to LSR A-division in Q4/2016. Annual data. *Source:* Statistics Iceland.

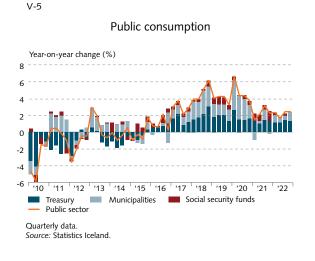
V Public finances



Lines and columns show annual data. Expenditures are adjusted for a 32 b.kr. special payment to the pension fund Brú in Q2/2017. Annual data. *Source:* Statistics Iceland.



Treasury revenues are adjusted for stability contributions. Treasury expenditures are adjusted for transfers due to the Central Bank and LSR A-division and local government expenditures are adjusted for special payment to the pension fund Brú. Four quarter moving average. Quarterly data. *Source*: Statistics Iceland.



Year-on-year change (%) 120 162,5 171,8 80 0 0 -40 -80 105''06''07''08''09''10''11''12''13''14''15''16''17''18''19''20''21''22' Treasury Municipalities Public sector Quarterly data. Source: Statistics Iceland.

Investment

Tax revenues

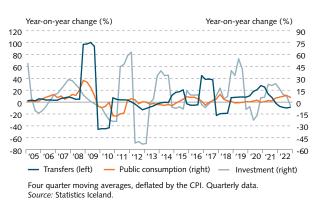
V-7

Direct taxes are adjusted for 384.3 b.kr. stability contributions in Q1/2016. Four quarter moving averages, deflated by the CPI. Quarterly data. *Source:* Statistics Iceland.

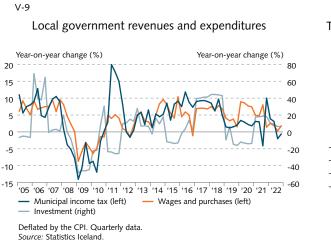
V-8

V-6

Treasury expenditures by type

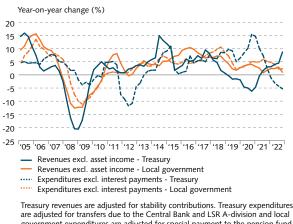


Public finances V



V-10

Treasury and local government revenues and expenditures



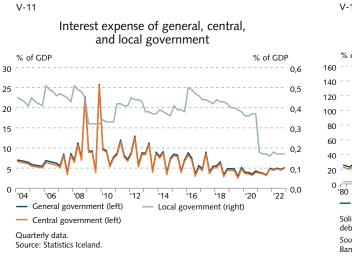
government expenditures are adjusted for special payment to the pension fund Brú. Four quarter moving averages, deflated by the CPI. Quarterly data. *Source:* Statistics Iceland.

Debt of general, central,

and local government

V-12

% of GDF



'90

'85

V-14

·10 - General government — Central government Local government Solid lines show gross debt and broken lines show net debt. Net debt is gross debt less currency and deposits. Annual data Sources: Ministry of Finance and Economic Affairs, Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland

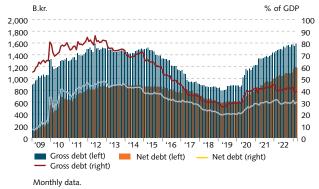
'95 '00

·05

'15 '20

V-13





Sources: Government Debt Management, Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

State guarantees and gross debt



Sources: Government Debt Management, Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

VI Asset markets

VI-1

VI-3

Housing market prices and activity in greater Reykjavík



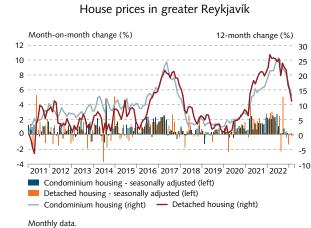
Number of purchase agreements on the date of purchase. Monthly data. *Sources:* Housing and Construction Authority, Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

VI-2

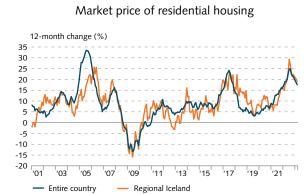
Housing market prices in greater Reykjavík



The Housing market price index shows changes to weighted average of prices per sq.m. Monthly data. *Sources:* Housing and Construction Authority, Statistics Iceland.



Sources: Housing and Construction Authority, Central Bank of Iceland.





Monthly data.

Source: Statistics Iceland

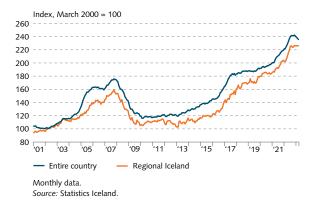
VI-4

Rent price in greater Reykjavík

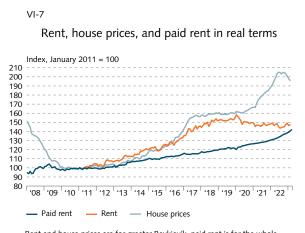


VI-5

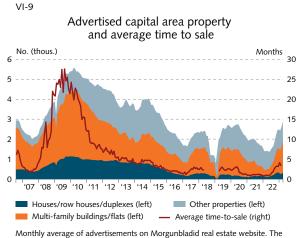
Market price of residential housing - in real terms



VI Asset markets

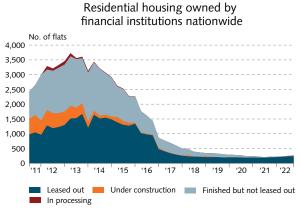


Rent and house prices are for greater Reykjavík, paid rent is for the whole country. Monthly data. Sources: Housing and Construction Authority, Statistics Iceland.



rooming average of advertiseners of morganization real estate website. The count is carried out by property code so as to avoid a repeat count of the same property. Monthly seasonally adjusted turnover is according to the number of officially registered purchase agreements. The average time to sale is the length of time (in months) that it takes to sell advertised property divided by the turnover for the month in question. From May 2018 through March 2019 there was an error in the data; therefore, the average time-to-sale is not calculated for that period.

Sources: Housing and Construction Authority, Morgunbladid Real Estate Website (mbl.is).



Classified by status. The financial institutions are: Arion Bank, Hilda, Hömlur, Íslandsbanki, Housing Financing Fund, Klettur, Landey, and Kvika Bank. Quarterly data.

Source: Central Bank of Iceland

VI-11

VI-8 Capital area house prices relative to macroeconomic fundamentals Index, January 2011 = 100



Sources: Housing and Construction Authority, Statistics Iceland.

VI-10

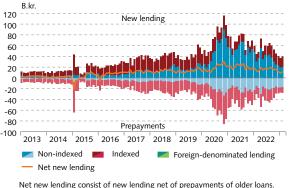
220 200

180

160

140

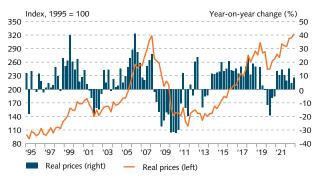
New DMB, pension funds, and HCA mortgage lending to households and prepayments of older loans



Net new lending consist of new lending net of prepayments of older loans. Figures for new mortgage lending of pension funds are from September 2015. Most recent figures are preliminary. Monthly data. *Source*: Central Bank of Iceland.

VI-12

Commercial property real prices in greater Reykjavík



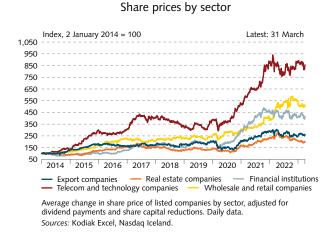
Weighted average of industrial, retail, and office housing. Data are subject to uncertainty due to sparsity and divergence of measurements. Latest figures are preliminary. Quarterly data. *Sources:* Housing and Construction Authority, Central Bank of Iceland.

VI Asset markets

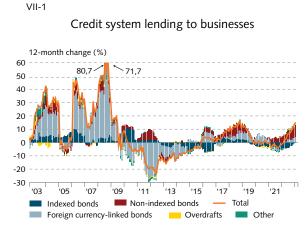


Sources: Housing and Construction Authority, Central Bank of Iceland.

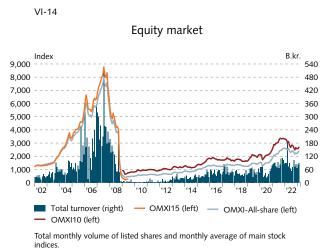
VI-15



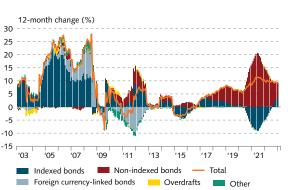




Stock of loans from DMBs, the HFF and other credit institutions, pension funds, insurance companies, and State credit funds. Contribution of individual components to lending growth. Loans are assessed at claim value. The category labelled "other" includes bills of exchange, redeemed guarantees, and asset financing agreements. Changes have been made to loan classification during the period shown. The data are therefore not fully comparable within the period. Further information can be found on the monetary statistics pages of the Central Bank website. Most recent figures are preliminary. Monthly data. *Source:* Central Bank of Iceland.



Source: Nasdaq Iceland.



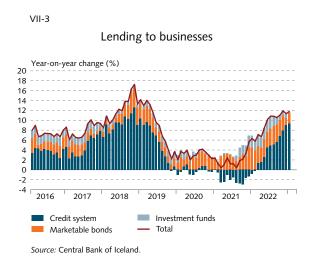
Credit system lending to households

Stock of loans from DMBs, the HFF and other credit institutions, pension funds, insurance companies, and State credit funds. Contribution of individual components to lending growth. Loans are assessed at claim value. The category labelled "other" includes bills of exchange, redeemed guarantees, and asset financing agreements. Changes have been made to loan classification during the period shown. The data are therefore not fully comparable within the period. Further information can be found on the monetary statistics pages of the Central Bank website. Most recent figures are preliminary. Monthly data. *Source*: Central Bank of Iceland.

VII-2

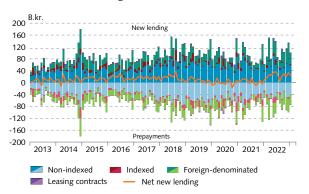
22

VII Households and businesses



VII-5

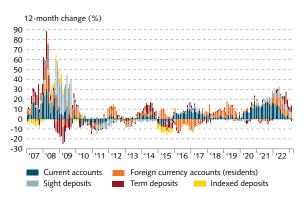
Net new lending from DMBs and HCA to firms



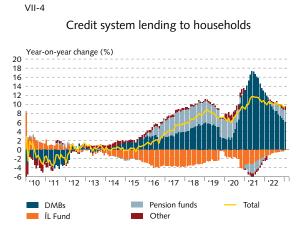
Net new lending consists of new lending net of prepayments of older loans. Most recent figures are preliminary. Monthly data. Source: Central Bank of Iceland.

Companies' deposits

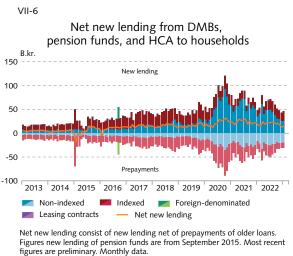
VII-7



Contribution of individual components to deposit growth. Term deposits include money market accounts and other non-sight deposits. Further information can be found on the monetary statistics pages of the Central Bank website. Most recent figures are preliminary. Monthly data. *Source*: Central Bank of Iceland.



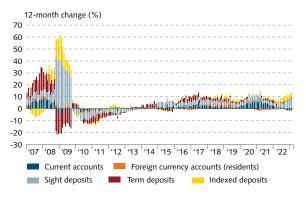
Credit stock adjusted for reclassification and Government debt relief measures. "Other" consists of the public sector (excluding IL Fund), insurance companies and other credit institutions. *Source*: Central Bank of Iceland.



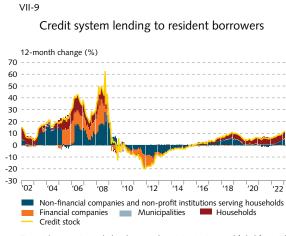
Source: Central Bank of Iceland.

VII-8

Household deposits



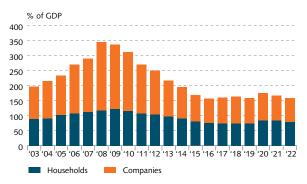
Contribution of individual components to deposit growth. Term deposits include money market accounts and other non-sight deposits. Indexed deposits include pension savings, indexed vacation allowance accounts, and other indexed savings. Further information can be found on the monetary statistics pages of the Central Bank website. Most recent figures are preliminary. Monthly data. *Source*: Central Bank of Iceland.



Financial companies excluding loans to deposit institutions and failed financial institutions. Monthly data. Source: Central Bank of Iceland.

VII-11

Household and non-financial corporate debt



Debt owed to financial undertakings and market bonds issued. Companies excluding financial institutions (which includes holding companies). Annual data.

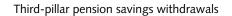
Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

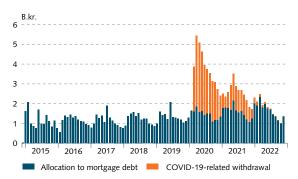
VII-13 Household debt % of GDP 140 120 100 80 60 40 20 0 '05''06''07 '08' '09 '10 '11 '12 '13 '14 '15 16 '17 '18 ''19 ' '20['] '21 Non-indexed Indexed Foreign currency Overdraft 🛛 Asset financing

GDP is annualised by calculating the sum of the last four quarters. Quarterly data

Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland







Tax-free allocation of third-pillar pension savings to mortgage loans has been authorised since 1 July 2014. A temporary authorisation for third-pillar pension savings withdrawals because of COVID-19 is in effect from 1 April 2020 until 1 January 2022. Monthly figures. Source: Iceland Revenue and Customs

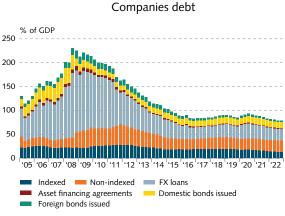
VII-12

VII-14

Real credit growth to households and firms



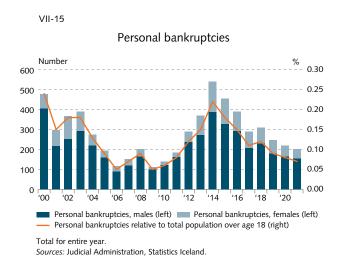
Year-on-year change in total credit to households and non-financial firms, value. Quarterly data. Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland

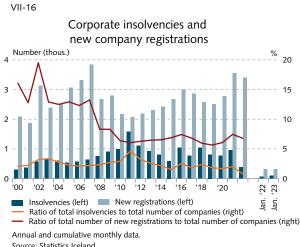


Debt owed to domestic and foreign financial undertakings and market bonds issued. GDP is annualised by calculating the sum of the last four quarters. Quarterly data.

Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

VII Households and businesses





Source: Statistics Iceland.

VII-17 Companies insolvencies and unsuccessful distraint actions Number 1,800 9,000 1,600 8.000 1,400 7,000 1,200 6,000 1,000 5,000 800 4,000 600 3.000 400 2,000 200 1.000 0 0 00 02 '04 '06 '08 '10['] '12 ¹14 '18 '2Ò '22 '16 Insolvencies, first month of the year (left) Insolvencies, last eleven months (left) Unsucessful distraint, total (right) Unsuccessful distraint first two months of the year (right) Sources: Registers Iceland, Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

VII-18

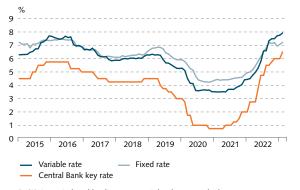
Interest rates on new non-indexed loans to households



D-SIBs' non-indexed lending rates, weighted average, by loan amount. Source: Central Bank of Iceland.

VII-19

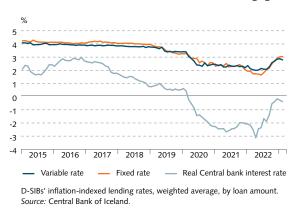
Interest rates on new non-indexed mortgages



D-SIBs' non-indexed lending rates, weighted average, by loan amount. Source: Central Bank of Iceland



Interest rates on new inflation-indexed mortgages

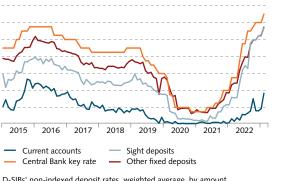


VII Households and businesses

VII-21

Interest rates on households' new non-indexed deposits

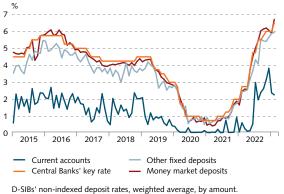




9 8 7 6 5 Δ 3 2 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 Non-indexed Inflation-indexed Central Banks' key rate

D-SIBs' lending rates, weighted average, by loan amount. Source: Central Bank of Iceland.

Interest spread based on money market rates



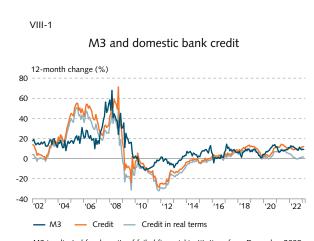
Interest rates on companies new non-indexed deposits

Source: Central Bank of Iceland.

VIII Financial markets

Source: Central Bank of Iceland.

VII-23



M3 is adjusted for deposits of failed financial institutions from December 2008 onwards. Loans are assessed at claim value. The series "credit in real terms" represents loans deflated by the CPI. Changes have been made to loan classification during the period shown. The data are therefore not fully comparable within the period. Further information can be found on the monetary statistics pages of the Central Bank website. Most recent figures are preliminary. Monthly data. Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland

VIII-2 Nominal GDP and M3 Year-on-year change (%)



M3 is adjusted for deposits of failed financial institutions from December 2008 onwards. Quarterly data. Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

0

VII-22

% 11 10

VII-24

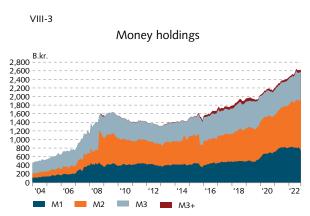


Deposits are new current account deposits, other fixed deposits, money market deposits and up to 1-month sight deposits. Deposits of households and companies. Three-month moving average. Source: Central Bank of Iceland.

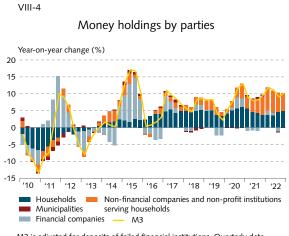
60

Interest rates on new loans to companies

VIII Financial markets

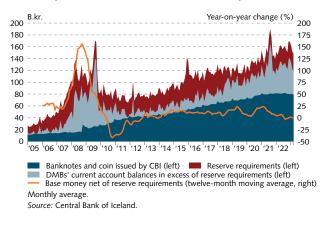


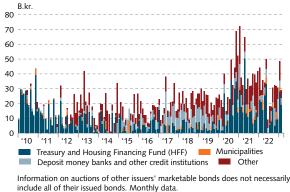
Money holdings are adjusted for deposits of failed finanacial institutions from December 2008 onwards. Most recent figures are preliminary. Monthly data. *Source*: Central Bank of Iceland.



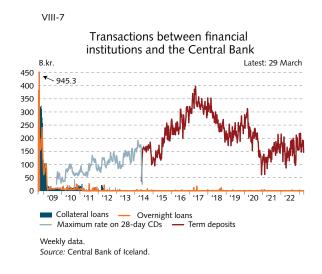
M3 is adjusted for deposits of failed financial institutions. Quarterly data. *Source:* Central Bank of Iceland.

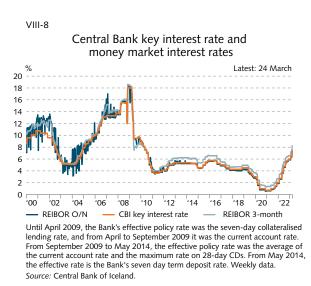
VIII-5 Components of Central Bank base money (MO)





Include all of their issued bonds. Monthly data. Sources: Icelandic Securities Depository, Central Bank of Iceland.

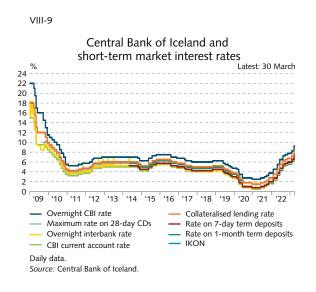




VIII-6

Bond auctions

VIII Financial markets



VIII-10

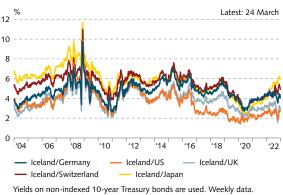
Central Bank of Iceland real interest rates



According to 12-month initiation and 1-year initiation expectations. Keal interest rates according to breakeven inflation rate on Treasury notes are calculated based on Treasury note (RIKB 13 0517) and Treasury bond (RIKS 15 1001) yields until June 2004, and on the difference between the nominal and indexed yield curves onwards (monthly average). Until April 2009, the Bank's effective policy rate was the seven-day collateralised lending rate, and from April to September 2009 it was the current account rate. From September 2009 to May 2014, the effective policy rate was the average of the current account rate and the maximum rate on 28-day CDs. From May 2014, the effective rate is the Bank's seven day term deposit rate. Monthly data. *Sources:* Gallup, Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

VIII-12

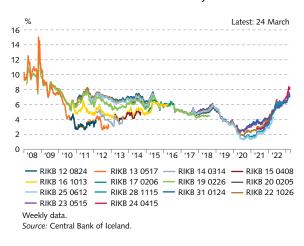
Long-term interest rate differential



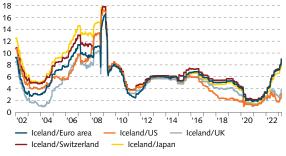
Source: Refinitiv Datastream.



Yields on nominal Treasury bonds



Short-term interest rate differential % Latest: 24 March



3-month interbank rates. Weekly data. *Source:* Refinitiv Datastream.

VIII-13

VIII-11

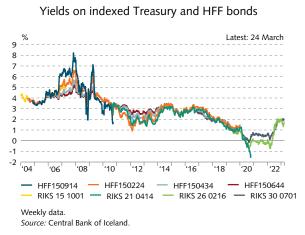
20

Government-guaranteed bond yields



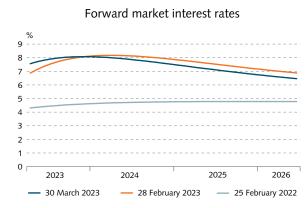
using money market interest rates and Government-guaranteed bonds. Source: Central Bank of Iceland.

VIII-15



VIII-17

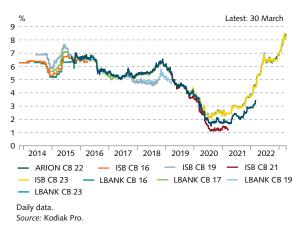
VIII-19



The Central Bank's key interest rate and Treasury bond yields were used to estimate the yield curve, using the Nelson-Siegel method. The valuation is subject to some uncertainty because of the small number of Treasury notes underlying the calculations. *Source:* Central Bank of Iceland.

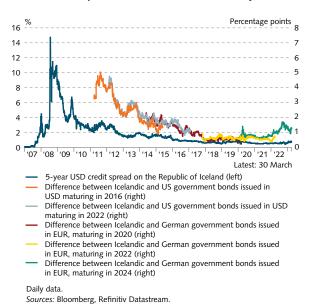
VIII-16

Yields on DMB nominal covered bonds



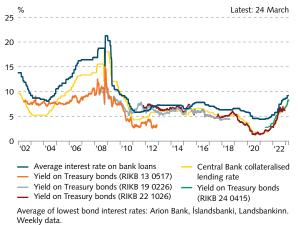
VIII-18

Risk premia on the Icelandic Treasury

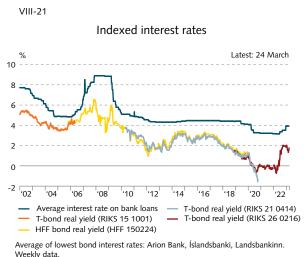


VIII-20

Nominal interest rates



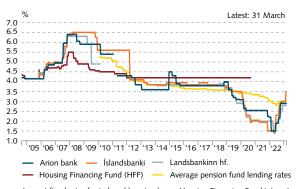
Source: Central Bank of Iceland.



Source: Central Bank of Iceland.

VIII-23

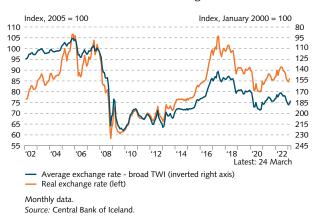
Interest rates on indexed housing loans

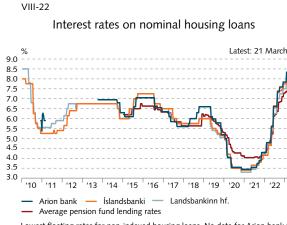


Lowest fixed rates for indexed housing loans. Housing Financing Fund interest rates are indexed housing loan rates with prepayment penalty for December 2005 onwards, and without prepayment before that time. Average pension fund lending rates is the average of the lending rates charged by Almenni, Festa, Frjálsi, Gildi, Lífsverk, LSR, The pension fund of commerce, Stapi, and Söfnunarsjóður Ifferyisréttinda. 10-day data except for pension fund data, which are monthly. Sources: Housing Financing Fund, Central Bank of Iceland.

VIII-25

Nominal and real effective exchange rate of the króna

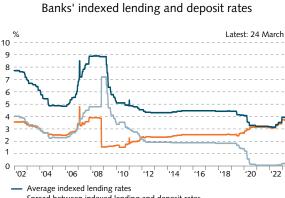




Lowest floating rates for non-indexed housing loans. No data for Arion bank for the time periods 11 March 2010 - 11 February 2011 and 11 May - 1 December 2013. Average pension fund lending rates is the average of the lending rates charged by Gildi, Lifsverk and LSR. 10-day data except for pension fund data, which are mentally. which are monthly.

Source: Central Bank of Iceland.

VIII-24



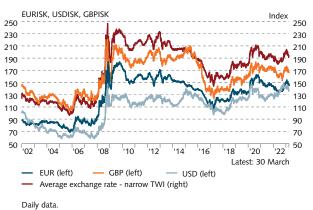
Spread between indexed lending and deposit rates

Average 5-yr indexed deposit rates

Average interest rates: Arion Bank, Íslandsbanki, Landsbankinn. Weekly data. Source: Central Bank of Iceland.

VIII-26

Exchange rate of foreign currencies against the króna

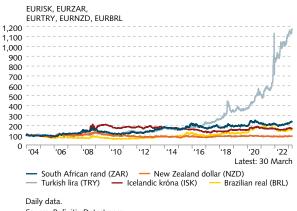


Source: Central Bank of Iceland.

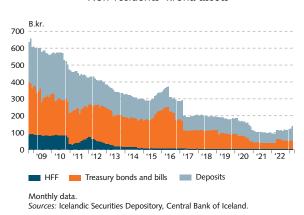
VIII Financial markets

VIII-27

Exchange rate of the euro against other currencies



VIII-28 Non-residents' króna assets

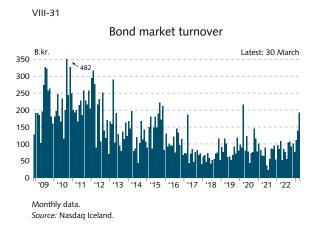


Source: Refinitiv Datastream.



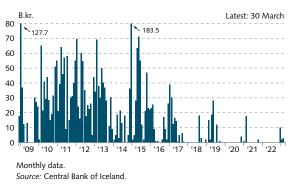


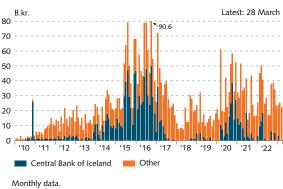
Share of market value is a three-month moving average. Monthly data. Source: Nasdaq Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.



VIII-30

Turnover on the interbank market for krónur



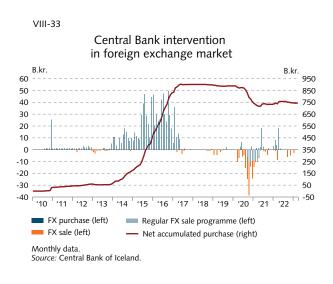


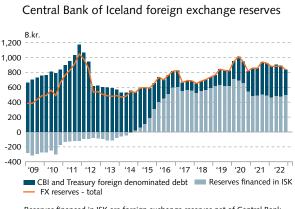
Source: Central Bank of Iceland.

VIII-32

Foreign exchange market turnover

VIII Financial markets





Reserves financed in ISK are foreign exchange reserves net of Central Bank and Treasury foreign-denominated debt. Quarterly data. *Source*: Central Bank of Iceland.

VIII-35

Commercial banks' forward foreign exchange position involving the króna against foreign currency



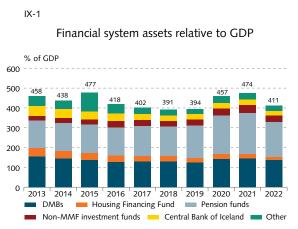
A forward position refers to transactions in foreign currency that are settled three business days or more after their trade date, including forwards, swaps and options. Assets (liabilities) refers to assets (liabilities) of a commercial bank in foreign currency. Outstanding trades at the end of each month. Parent companies. Monthly figures. Source: Central Bank of Iceland.

VIII-36

VIII-34

Pension funds' foreign currency transactions

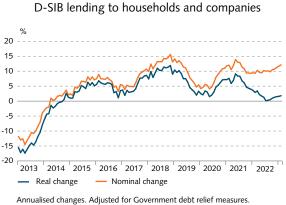




Parent companies. Other: Failed financial institutions that have undergone composition are included with other financial institutions as of the time their composition agreements were approved. The Central Bank of Iceland Holding Company ehf. (ES) is also included with other financial institutions from its establishment in December 2009 until its dissolution in February 2019. The Housing Financing Fund (HFF) merged with the Iceland Construction Authority on 1 January 2020. HFF assets from 2020 onwards are the assets of the IL Fund, which took over the processing of the HFF's assets and liabilities at the beginning of 2020. Annual data.

Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

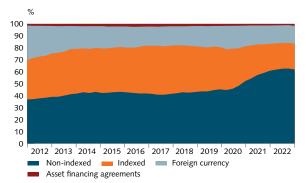




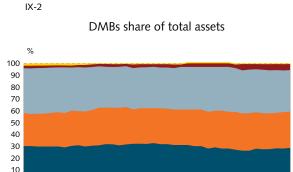
Source: Central Bank of Iceland.

IX-5

DMB distribution of loans by type



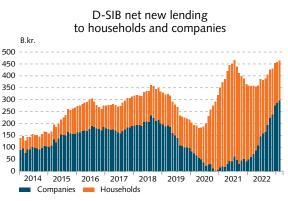
Parent companies. Loans by each type as a share of total lending to households and operating companies. Foreign currency loans include exchange rate-linked loans. Quarterly data. *Source*: Central Bank of Iceland.





Parent companies. Quarterly data. Source: Central Bank of Iceland.

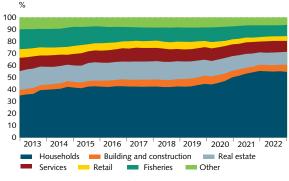
IX-4



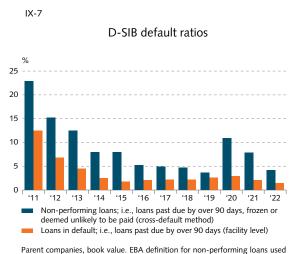
12-month moving total. New loans less loan retirement and loan prepayments in excess of contractual requirements. *Source*: Central Bank of Iceland.

IX-6

D-SIB lending classified by borrower



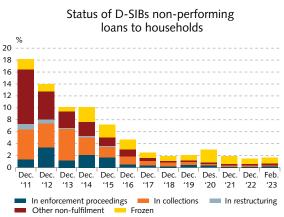
Loans to each sector as a share of total lending to households and operating companies. Quarterly data. *Source:* Central Bank of Iceland.



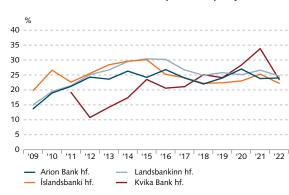
Parent companies, book value. EBA definition for non-performing loans used from 2018 onwards (red). According to the cross-default method, all of a borrower's loans are considered non-performing if one loan is frozen or in arrears by 90 days or more, or if the borrower is deemed unlikely to pay their obligations when due. Annual data. Source: Central Bank of Iceland.



IX-11

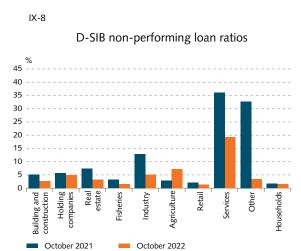


Parent companies, book value. Non-performing loans according to the crossdefault method, according to which all of a borrower's loans are considered non-performing if one loan is frozen or in arrears by 90 days or more, or if the borrower is deemed unlikely to pay their obligations when due. *Source*: Central Bank of Iceland.



Commercial bank's capital adequacy ratios

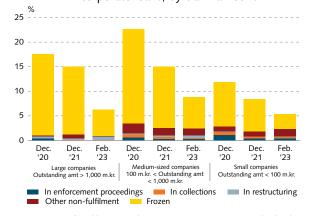
Consolidated figures. Capital base as % of risk-weighted base. CAR for MP Bank until end of year 2014. Annual data. Sources: Commercial banks' financial statements.



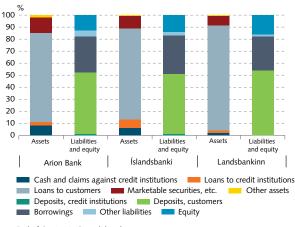
Parent companies, book value. Non-performing loans according to the crossdefault method, according to which all of a borrower's loans are considered non-performing if one loan is frozen or in arrears by 90 days or more, or if the borrower is deemed unlikely to pay their obligations when due. *Source*: Central Bank of Iceland.



Status of D-SIBs non-performing corporate loans, by claim amount



Percentage of total loans in each size category. Parent companies, book value. Non-performing loans according to the cross-default method, according to which all of a borrower's loans are considered non-performing if one loan is frozen or in arrears by 90 days or more, or if the borrower is deemed unlikely to pay their obligations when due. *Source*: Central Bank of Iceland.

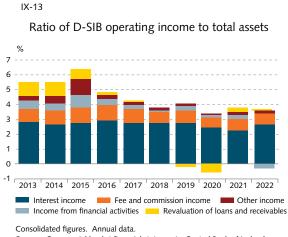


IX-12

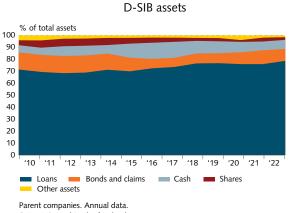
D-SIB assets and liabilities

End of Q4 2022. Consolidated accounts.

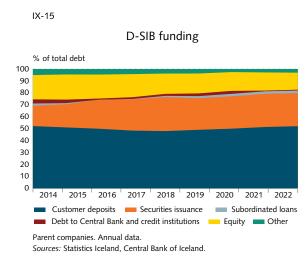
Sources: Commercial banks' financial statements, Central Bank of Iceland.



Sources: Commercial banks' financial statements, Central Bank of Iceland.



Source: Central Bank of Iceland.



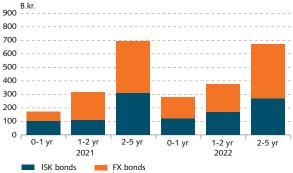
IX-16

IX-14

B.kr. 3,000 2,500 2,000 1,500 1,000 500 0 2012 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2013 Non-financial companies Financial companies Financial institutions in winding-up proceedings Pension funds General government Households Non-residents General government Households Parent companies. Annual data. Source: Central Bank of Iceland.

D-SIB depositors

IX-17



Instalments and interest. Parent companies figures. As of end-January each year. Source: Central Bank of Iceland.

D-SIB bond maturities

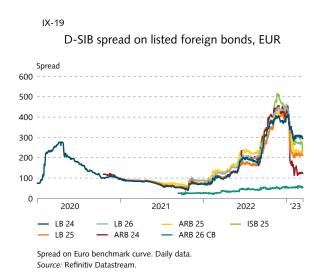


D-SIB foreign bonds by maturity

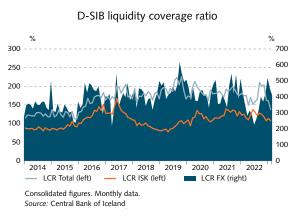
At 20 March 2023 exchange rate. Not included in the chart is AT1 issuance from Arion Bank and Íslandsbanki. Source: Nasdaq Iceland.

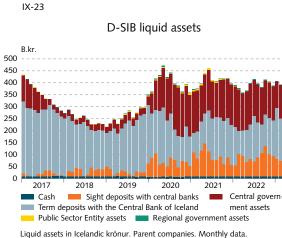
IX-18

35

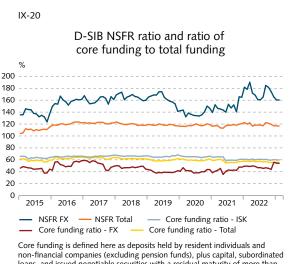


IX-21



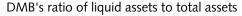


Liquid assets in Icelandic krónur. Parent companies. Monthly dat Source: Central Bank of Iceland.



non-financial companies (excluding pension funds), plus capital, subordinated loans, and issued negotiable securities with a residual maturity of more than three years. According to Central Bank rules on stable funding, the Bank also monitors the NSFR for all currencies combined. New NSFR rules were implemented in June 2021. Monthly data. *Source*: Central Bank of Iceland.

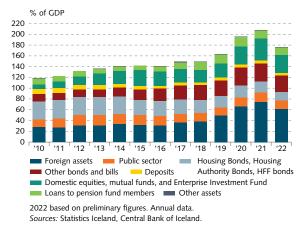
IX-22



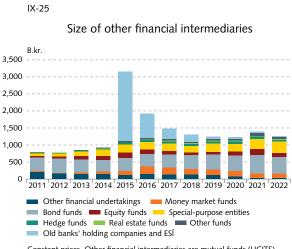


IX-24

Pension funds' distribution of assets



36



Constant prices. Other financial intermediaries are mutual funds (UCITS), investment funds, and institutional investment funds; special purpose vehicles, securities companies, brokers, and miscellaneous credit institutions. Annual data.

Source: Central Bank of Iceland.

